# Pelvic Floor Disorders: Medical Management and More.....

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## Neeraj Kohli, MD, MBA

- Fellowship trained Urogyn
- Former Founder and Chief of Urogyn at BWH
- Clinical Interests: Innovation in Uogyn, New Technologies, Underserved Markets



### **Objectives**

- To discuss new treatment modalities for pelvic floor health and dysfunction
- To review currently available covered and noncovered procedures and treatments for pelvic floor dysfunction

## Disclosures

None

### Introduction

- Incontinence (bladder/bowel), OAB, and prolapse is increasing with an aging population
- Incontinence affects 25-50% of all women and 10-15% of all women will undergo treatment for prolapse
- GSM and pelvic pain/dyspareunia new focus
- QOL conditions with significant impact
- External factors pushing minimally invasive procedures that are safe and effective
- Office based therapies attractive for patients and physicians alike – COVID friendly

## Treatment Algorithm Genuine Stress Incontinence

Treatment for Stress Incontinence



### **Bulking Agents for SUI**

- Procedure introduced in early 1900's
- Inject material to help close the urethral sphincter
- Variety of injectables used
  - Collagen
  - Carbon pellets
  - Calcium hydroxyapatite
  - Polyvinylpyrrolidone/polydimethylsiloxane
  - Silicone
- Past injectables had low cure rates, high rate of repeat injections, and significant complication rates

## Polyacrylamide Injection for SUI

- Game changer
- Revolutionary new material and injection system.
- 97.5% water and 2.5% polyacrylamide
- Soft homogenous gel to close the internal urethral sphincter
- Over 70,000 patients treated in Europe in the last
   10 years
- 75% success rate with NO long term complications

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## Seven-year efficacy and safety outcomes of Bulkamid for the treatment of stress urinary incontinence

- 1200 patients with 388 (32.3%) with 7 year followup
- Primary endpoint was patient satisfaction measured on a four-point scale. Secondary outcomes included the number of incontinence pads used, (ICIQ-UI SF) scores, Visual Analog Scale Quality of Life (VAS QoL), reinjection rates, and peri- and postop complications.
- 67.1% cured or improved—19.5% required reinjection
- Prolonged bladder emptying time in 15.3% of patients and urinary tract infection in 3.5%

Neurourol Urodyn. 2021 Jan;40(1):502-508.doi: 10.1002/nau.24589. Epub 2021 Jan 7.

## **Benefits of Polyacrylamide**

- Short office-based procedure under local anesthesia
- Safe, effective, and durable
- No need for hospital visit or anesthesia
- No postoperative restrictions
- Can get additional injections as needed
- Does not preclude the patient from other treatment options

## Who is a Candidate for Polyacrylamide

- Any woman with bothersome SUI regardless of age or body habitus
- Women who want and safe and effective office based procedure
- Women who want to avoid major surgery, hospital visit, anesthesia or postop recovery
- Women who want to avoid mesh use.
- Women who have persistent SUI after incontinence surgery or recurrent SUI after sling removal
- Women not completed child-bearing

## Treatment Algorithm Urge Incontinence

Treatment for Urge Incontinence

## Behavioral

- -bladder retraining
- -pelvic muscle exercises
- -biofeedback
- -electrical stimulation

#### Pharmacologic

- -antispasmodics
- -anticholinergics
- -antidepressants
- -estrogen

#### Surgical

- -augmentation cystoplasty
- -denervation procedures

## History of Sacral Nerve Stimulation

- 1981 Department of Urology, University of California at San Francisco initiated clinical program.
- 1985-92 Multi-center trial conducted by Urosystems, Inc.
- 1994 Medtronic CE mark (approval to market in Europe) for InterStim<sup>®</sup> in Europe for treatment of urge incontinence, retention, and urgency-frequency.
- September, 1997 FDA approval for treatment of urge incontinence in the US.
- April, 1999 FDA approval for treatment of urgency-frequency and urinary retention.
- Over 300,000 implants performed worldwide.

## SNS Implant Test Stimulation Technique



## SNS Permanent Implant Technique



### **SNS Indications**

- Approved
  - Urinary urgency and frequency
  - Urge incontinence
  - Non obstructive urinary retention
  - Fecal incontinence
- Expanding (Off-Label)
  - Interstitial cystitis
  - Chronic constipation
  - Irritable bowel syndrome
  - Pelvic pain syndromes

## Insite Study: Interstim vs SMT

- 5-year prospective post-approval trial at 38 US centers
- N=147 Enrollment from 2007– 2010
- Interim Analysis
  - The OAB therapeutic success rate in terms of UI and UF was significantly greater with SNM vs. SMT.
  - Device-related\* adverse events (AE) occurred in 30.5% (18/59) of subjects with a lead implant; none of these AEs were serious
  - OAB medication-related events occurred in 27.3% (21/77) of Standard Medical Therapy subjects.
- SNM is more likely to result in therapeutic success than an additional trial of anticholinergics among subjects who have been managed unsuccessfully with SMT.

### Recent Innovations in SNS

- Constant current technology results in greater than 90% improvement
- Implant miniaturized, MRI compatible, and rechargeable
- 20 year battery life without need to replace pacemaker
- Less complications
- Advanced software with better programming and response



## Axonics SNS for Urinary and Fecal Incontinence

#### OAB/UUI

- 129 patients with refractory OAB/UUI
- At 1 year, 89% of the participants were therapy responders.
- The average UUI episodes per day reduced from 5.6 ± 0.3 at baseline to 1.4 ± 0.2 (75% improvement)
- Participants experienced an overall clinically meaningful improvement of 34 points on the ICIQ-OABqol questionnaire.

#### Fecal Incontinence

- 15 patients with bothersome FI
- At four weeks, 13 patients (87%) were therapy responders with >50% reduction in FI episodes
- Of the 13 responders, 92% were therapy responders at six months post-implant.
- Weekly FI episodes decreased from a median of 8 at baseline to a median of 1.5 at six months, corresponding to a 79% reduction in weekly FI episodes
- No significant adverse events or complications reported.

## Importance of Pelvic Floor Strengthening

- Indicated for most forms of pelvic floor dysfunction
- Advocated by AHCPR, ACOG, and AUA as first line treatment for OAB, GSUI, and prolapse
- Growing awareness and value of PFPT as primary and adjunctive therapy
- Challenges of PFPT
  - Access
  - Quality
  - Cost
- Large unmet need between PFE and invasive therapies

## **EMI Magnetic Chair**

- EMI technology has been around for 20 years
- Magnet creates localized field to contract pelvic floor muscles
- 30 min session 2x/week for 3-4 weeks
- Over 100 papers

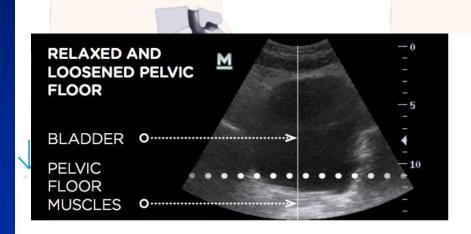
  published FDA cleared

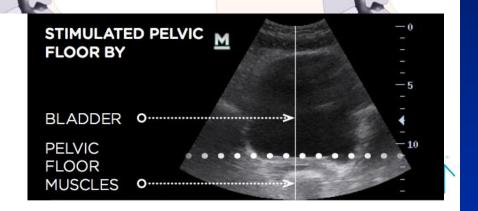
  for GSUI/UI
- NOT A SUBSTITUE FOR PFPT



## **EMI Mechanism of Action**

- EM energy contracts the pelvic floor musculature
- 11,000 contractions in 28 mins
- Also contracts ancillary mucles





#### BEFORE

Pelvic floor muscles insufficiently support pelvic organs and affect bladder control.

#### TREATMENT

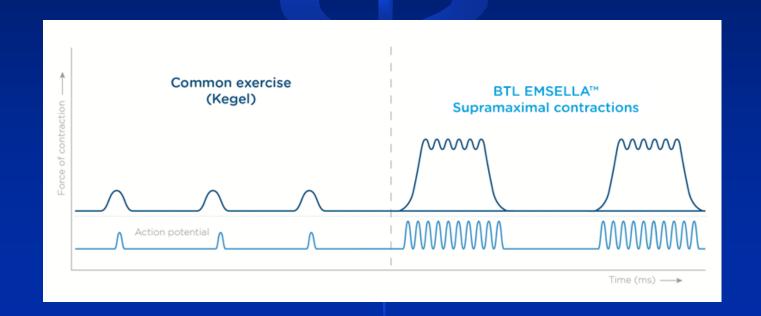
effectively stimulates pelvic floor muscles with thousands of contractions per session.

#### **AFTER**

Stimulation leads to regained control over pelvic floor muscles and bladder.

## EMI MECHANISM OF ACTION

- EMI targets neuromuscular tissue
- Rapidly depolarizes neurons resulting in concentric contractions
- Stimulations of the entire pelvic floor area







### **EMI for PFD**

- Importance of PF strengthening as primary/adjunctive therapy
- Postpartum depression 2x higher in setting of UI
- Significant correlation between SD and UI
- Coital incontinence in up to 30% of women with UI
- DI more difficult to treat SE associated with ACh therapy
- Anatomy of pelvic floor during arousal and orgasm

## Current Use of EMI Worldwide

- Erectile dysfunction
- Premature ejaculation
- Hemorrhoids
- Male and female urinary/fecal incontinence
- Incontinence after radical prostatectomy
- Chronic prostatitis and pelvic pain
- Vaginal laxity
- Sexual dysfunction

## Platelet Rich Plasma for PFD

- Established use in plastics, orthopedics, dermatology
- Exciting developments in Gyn/Urogyn
- Restorative medicine enhances body's natural healing
- Office based procedure with blood draw, centrifugal separation of platelets and local injection
- O-shot, OAB, PN, BPS, LS, vulvodynia
- 30 minute procedure with virtually NO risk/recovery/ restrictions
- Sustained response up to to 18 months and beyond

## Laser/RF Energy Treatment to the Vagina

- Laser and RF treatment to external and/or internal genital area
- Clinical Indications
  - Vaginal atrophy/dryness GSM and cancer patients
  - Cosmetics (vaginal laxity/labial hypertrophy)
  - · OAB/GSUI/UI
  - Mild-moderate prolapse/vaginal laxity
  - Sexual dysfunction/anorgasmia
  - Pelvic floor dysfunction (levator spasms/vestibulodynia/
  - . LS/BPS)
  - Recurrent UTI/vaginitis
- Office based therapy for a variety of Gyn conditions

## The Current State of Medical Advice

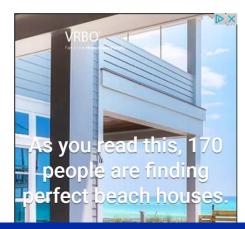




## Everything You Wanted (or Didn't Want) to Know About the \$3,500, Kardashian-Endorsed "Vaginal Laser"

"It has a tremendous impact on boosting self-esteem and confidence."





SUBSCRIBE FOLLOW

## Push to Adoption

- Industry
- Main stream media
  - Magazines
  - . TV
  - WWW
- Social media
  - Instagram
  - Youtube
  - RealSelf
- Science



## Laser/RF Treatment Options

- Laser
  - CO2 (MonaLisa Touch, Femilift)
  - Erbium/Yag (IntimaLase, Petit Lady)
- RF
  - Temp controlled (Thermiva)
  - Monopolar (Pelieve, Revive)
  - Multipolar (Venus Fiore, Protégé Intima)
  - Pulsed (Viveve)

## Comparison Between Laser and RF

	Laser	Radiofrequency
Therapy	Ablative/Restorative	Restorative
Wand	Reusable	Single Use
Treatment Time	3-5 mins	20-30 mins
Number of Treatments	3 (monthly)	3 (monthly)
External Use	Yes	Yes
Need for Local Anesthesia	Yes (External)	No
Post-procedure Restrictions	Yes (2-3 days)	No
Data	**	*
Cost of Machine/Treatments	\$130-175K/\$3K	\$50-75K/\$3K
Machine Portability	No	Yes

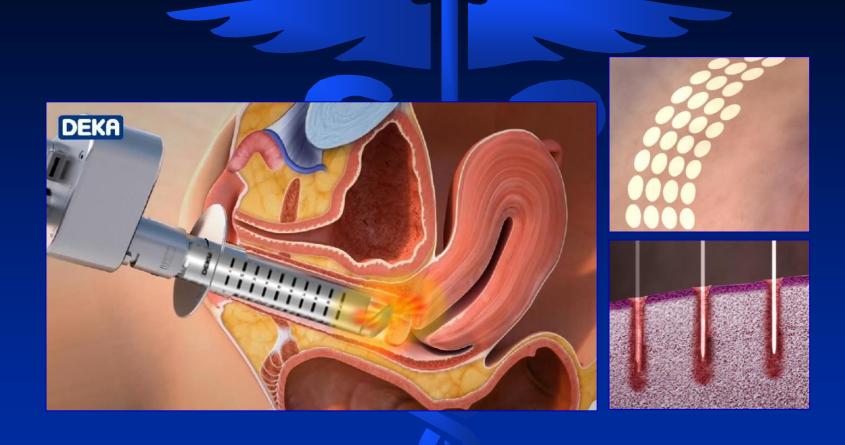
Introduction to Vaginal CO2 Laser

An estimated 32 million post-menopausal women the U.S. suffer from painful symptoms of menopause, due to declining levels of estrogen. Declining estrogen can happen naturally, or as a chemical or surgical side effect.

Clinically proven fractional CO<sub>2</sub> laser treatment that **helps** restore vaginal and vulvar health by generating new collagen, elastin and vascularization in patients who have vaginal changes due to a decrease in estrogen.

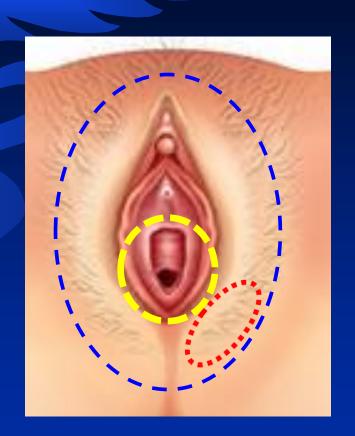
- 3 treatments of <5 minutes each</li>
- In-office procedure
- Minimal side effects
- No downtime

## Internal Probe Procedure



### Treating Common Areas with Vulvar Probe

- Perform the Tx on the affected area.
  - Vaginal introitus, vestibule, posterior fourchette (yellow area)
  - B. Isolated vulvar lesions (red area)
  - c. Entire vulva (blue area)
- Treat the area in one (1) uniform pass with tightly interlocking but not overlapping scans.
- Metal prongs must be in direct contact with tissue with clear view of square aiming beam shape.



### **Published Studies**

- Currently there are over 77 "Peer Reviewed" clinical studies on CO2 vaginal laser.
- Studies conducted by Physicians around the globe.

A 12-week treatment with fractional CO2 laser for vulvovaginal atrophy: a pilot study. Salvatore S. et al. Climacteric. 2014 Aug; 17(4):363-9. Epub 2014 Jun 5.

Microablative fractional CO<sub>2</sub> laser improves dyspareunia related to vulvovaginal atrophy: a pilot study. Salvatore S. et al. Journal of Endormetriosis and Pelvic Pain Disorders. 2014; 6(3):150-6. Epub 2014 Jun 20.

Microscopic and ultrastructural modifications of postmenopausal atrophic vaginal mucosa after fractional carbon dioxide.

Zerbinati N. et al. Lasers in Medical Science. 2015 Jan; 30(1):429-36. Epub 2014 Nov 20.

Sexual function after fractional microablative CO<sub>2</sub> laser in women with vulvovaginal atrophy. Salvatore S. et al. Climacteric. 2015 Apr. 18(2):219-25. Epub 2014 Dec 16.

Vulvo-vaginal atrophy: a new treatment modality using thermos-ablative fractional CO<sub>2</sub> laser. Perino A. et al. *Moturitas*. 2015 Mar; 80(3):296-301. Epub 2014 Dec 25.

Histological study on the effects of microablative fractional CO<sub>2</sub> laser on atrophic vaginal tissue: an ex vivo study. Salvatore S. et al. Menopouse. 2015 Aug; 22(8):845-9.

The use of pulsed CO, laser for the treatment of vulvovaginal atrophy. Salvatore S. et al. Current Opinion in Obstetrics and Gynecology 2015 Dic; 27(6):504-8.

Fractional CO<sub>2</sub> laser for vulvovaginal atrophy (VVA) dyspareunia relief in breast cancer survivors. Pieralli A. et al. Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics. 2016 Oct; 294(4): 841-6. Epub 2016 May 12.

Is vaginal fractional CO, laser treatment effective in improving overactive bladder symptoms in post-

menopausal patients? Preliminary results. Perino A. et al. Eur Rev Med Pharmocol Sci. 2016 Jun; 20(12):2491-7.

The effect of microablative fractional CO<sub>2</sub> laser on vaginal flora of postmenopausal women. Athanasiou 5. et al. Climacteric. 2016 Oct; 19(5):512-8. Epub 2016 Aug 24.

An assessment of the safety and efficacy of a fractional CO, laser system for the treatment of vulvovaginal atrophy.

Sokol E.R. et al. Menopause. 2016 Oct; 23(10):1102-7.

Fractional microablative CO, laser for vulvovaginal atrophy in women treated with chemotherapy and/or hormonal therapy for breast cancer: a retrospective study. Pagano T, et al, Menopouse, 2016 Oct; 23(10):1108-13.

The curative effect and feasibility analysis of fractional CO, laser in the treatment of vulvovaginal in Miao Y. et al. Chin J Clin Obstet Gynecol, 2016 July; 17(4):294-7.

The application of fractional CO, laser in the treatment of vulvar lichen sclerosus

Microablative fractional CO,-laser therapy and the genitourinary syndrome of menopause: An observational study.
Pitsouni E. et al. Maturitas. 2016 Dec; 94:131-6. Epub 2016 Sep 16.

Fractional CO, laser treatment of the vestibule for patients with vestibulodynia and genitourinary

syndrome of menopause: A pilot study.
Murina F. et al. J Sex Med. 2016 Dec: 13(12):1915-7, Epub 2016 Nov 15.

Fractional CO<sub>2</sub> laser treatment for vaginal atrophy and vulvar lichen sclerosus... Baggish M. S. Journal of Gynecologic Surgery. 2016 Dec; 32(6): 309-17. Epub 2016, Nov 21.

Fractional CO. laser treatment: a novel approach for stress urinary incontinence management in postmenopausal women. González Isaza P. et al. *Urología Calombiana* 2017; 26(1). Epub 2016 Oct 09

Fractional CO. laser: From skin rejuvenation to vulvo-vaginal reshaping Filippini M. et al. Photomed Laser Surg. 2017; 35(3):171-5. Epub 2016 Dec 30.

Use of a novel fractional CO, laser for the treatment of genitourinary syndrome of menopause: 1-year outcomes Sokol E.R. et al. Menopouse, Epub 2017 Feb 6.

Safety and long-term efficacy of fractional CO, laser treatment in women suffering from genitourinary syndrome of menopause.

Behnia-Willison F. et al. Eur J Obstet Gynecol Reprod Biol. June 2017; 213:39-44. Epub 2017 Apr 2.

Fractional CO, laser therapy: a new challenge for vulvovaginal atrophy in postmenopausal women. liquini G.P. et al. Climacteric. Epub 2017 May 15

Long-term effect of thermoablative fractional CO, laser treatment as a novel approach to urinary incontinence management in women with genitourinary syndrome of menopause. González Isaza P. et al. Int Urogynecol J. Epub 2017 May 18.

Laser therapy for the genitourinary syndrome of menopause. A systematic review and meta-analysis Pissouni E. et al. *Maturitas*: Epub 2017 June 27.

# Non-Surgical Temperature Controlled Radio Frequency

- Temperature controlled RF generator
- Operating range of 35-47°C
- Single use non-surgical RF applicator
- Specially designed for vulvovaginal applications (labia and vaginal canal) with familiar shape and feel
- Restorative vs ablative



# Dramatic Changes Can Be Seen Immediately





# The Literature What it Shows

- Significant Benefit (60-80% range)
  - GSM/vulvovaginal atrophy
  - Overactive bladder/urinary incontinence
  - Pelvic pain
  - Lichen sclerosis/vulvodynia
- Supported by histologic changes
- Results improve with successive treatments
- Little to no reported complications
- Arunkalaivanan (2017) reviewed 165 articles No RCTs, 3 observational studies w/o control group

# The Literature What it Doesn't Show

- Few RCT Mostly prospective observational studies
- Short term followup primarily based on subjective patient evaluation
- No long term data on efficacy or safety
- No clear recommendations on followup or concomitant therapy

### Laser/RF Treatment for Female Health

- MedSpas
- Aesthetic Clinics/Plastic Surgeons
- General Ob/Gyns
- Specialty Clinics
- Academic Centers

Single Largest Area of Growth in Women's Health Over the Last 5 Years



## Fractional Laser Treatment of Vulvovaginal Atrophy and U.S. Food and Drug Administration Clearance

Position Statement

Although initial data indicate potential utility, additional data clearly are needed to further assess the efficacy and safety of this procedure in treating vulvovaginal atrophy, particularly for long-term benefit.

Obstetrician—gynecologists should be cognizant of the evidence regarding innovative practices, and should be wary of adopting new or innovative approaches on the basis of promotions or marketing. May 2016

### Recent 2018 FDA PSA

We've recently become aware of a growing number of manufacturers marketing "vaginal rejuvenation" devices to women and claiming these procedures will treat conditions and symptoms related to menopause, urinary incontinence or sexual function. The procedures use lasers and other energy-based devices to destroy or reshape vaginal tissue. These products have serious risks and don't have adequate evidence to support their use for these purposes. We are deeply concerned women are being harmed.

The devices are currently cleared for soft tissue coagulation/ablation only

### **Ideal Candidates**

- Traditional therapies unresponsive, associated with side effects or contraindicated
- Multimodal pelvic floor dysfunction
- Consider before more invasive procedures
- Wants to try a non-surgical, non-hormonal treatments
- Wants to avoid complications or recovery from surgery
- Postpartum and postmenopausal women
- Symptoms mild to moderate

# Laser/RF Energy Treatment to the Vagina Summary

- Early stage therapy with significant potential for therapeutic use
- Office based with no implants, no pain, no restrictions and no recovery
- Heavy marketing and patient education push
- Lack of long-term clinical data Initial data promising but more rigorous studies underway
- No insurance coverage currently self pay
- May have great potential in proper patient and for proper practice

# Promising New Treatments on the Horizon

- Peripheral implantable neuromodulation for OAB, VD, and FI
- Vaginal Cold Laser.Photobiomodulation for pelvic pain
- Vaginal Oxygen/Hyaluronic Acid for GSM
- PRP/Growth Factors for pelvic pain/PN, BPS and recurrent UTI

### Conclusion

- There is a growing need for safe and effective treatment options for pelvic floor dysfunction especially in areas where current options are suboptimal
- Trend from OR to office.
- Trend from palliative care to restorative care
- Vaginal energy based treatments encouraging and emerging
- New injectables and growth factor therapy in the future
- Stay tuned.....